

GRAY,
KING STREET,
ANDRIA,
FOR SALE:
ent London made PIANO
ditional keys to C and F

and hand,
of a superior quality.
Cases for do.
Heathcote's, Fife's,
ebony French Flageolet, with

and Hammers.
autboy reeds.
Violin Strings,
n Bows.
r the Flute, Fife and Violin.
s for the Piano Forte,
s for do.
z for do.
eenth Pot Pourri, for do.
s for do.
rtant for do.
i, MARCHES, &c.
empire of the Sun.
ch.

s Waltz.
set for the Piano, among
er of those sung in the For-

attle of Baylen,
ce, dedicated to the Supreme

College Lottery,
ing on the first Monday in
kets and shares in the above
le by the subscriber.
whole Tickets \$11
Half do. 5 75
Quarter do. 3 00

R. Gray,
RECEIVED,
nger from Newburyport, and

awrason & Fowle;
covado Sugar,
roof Jamaica Rum,
Rum,
and 2 Beef,
oil,
on,
Cloth.

Received,
FOR SALE BY
ES I. CATLETT,
Imperial, Hyson, & Young

ime Green Coffee,
and 8 quarter casks Lisbon
ine.
ads Muscovado Sugar,
ine Twine.
Mould Candles.
anish Segars.
Pimento.

BLIC SALE.
e of the honorable the circuit
ct of Columbia, held at Alex-
ribers will expose to public
e-house on the 30th day of
redit of sixty and ninety

ociety of a rent of \$101 11
per annum,
charged on a lot of ground
ntersection of Wolfe and U-
extending southwardly along
Union street one hundred and
westwardly along the south
reet sixty two feet six inches
this rent is secured by val-
improvements on the lot, and
liability of the late col. Fitz-
Wm. Lyles of Broad Creek

the sale of the above rent
required by the decree of
t be raised—the subscribers
ed to sell, at the same place,
credit—
eventh part of the reversion

in fee,
e death of Jane Roberdeau,
Roberdeau, deceased, in the
that is to say, one Lot on
Water street between W. Lo-
rects, in front on W. Lo-
nches, in depth 125 feet,
n three north by an alley,
his lot is erected a handsome
8 story brick dwelling house,
out-houses—And two other
ch other on the west side of
on Wolfe and Wilke-streets,
on-street forty one feet, in
red and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor,
Cuthbert Powell.

England Rum,
for sale by
Joseph Mandeville,
r of King and Fairfax streets

Alexandria DAILY Gazette.



Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.]

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1809.

2615.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

THE INTRIGUES

OR

The Queen of Spain

WITH THE

Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Pa-
triot, who alone can be acquainted with the
intrigues and amors of the above personages.

For sale by

Cottom & Stewart.

August 11.

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to fur-
nish butchers and others, Pasturage on our
island, for any number of cattle not exceed-
ing 100.

Philip Alexander,

John Luke.

July 29.

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for
sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins
in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.
James Patton.

April 19.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,

A Negro Man, a sailor.—He will be hired
low if taken by the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 29.

FOR SALE,

50 hogsheads SUGAR,
150 bags COFFEE,
10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,
40 bales best COTTON.

Joseph Riddle.

July 10.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK
HOUSE, at the head of King-street and near
to good water. Apply to

James Sanderson.

August 30.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,
Has Received,

100 half boxes Rouffett's CI-
GARS warranted of the very first quality
and full contents.

Real Maccouba Snuff,
Rappee do. Coarse and Fine,
20 boxes fresh MUSTARD,
20 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1st
and 2d quality.

HE HAS ALSO,

A General Assortment as usual
of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE-
RIES for sale.

Dec. 2.

NEW ALMANAC.

COTTOM & STEWART,

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR

ALMANAC,

For 1810.

Containing, besides the astronomical calcula-
tions, a variety of useful and entertaining mat-
ters.

ALSO,

GERMAN ALMANCS,

For 1810.

For sale by the Gross, Dozen, or single
one.

October 10.

PRIME NEW YORK P O R K,

FOR SALE BY

Trueman Branhers.

August 26.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,
One elegant London made Patent PIANO
FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pe-
dal.

One plain do. with additional Keys and Pe-
dal.

ON HAND,

One plain home-made do. a little used.

August 9.

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLAS-
SES, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville,

'Corner of King and Fairfax streets,
June 10.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved
SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in
wood. No land is better adapted to the use of
Plaster of Paris, and there is some very val-
uable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon
the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles
county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jr.

September 14.

John G. Ladd,

Has just received and offers for sale,

30 chests Imperial and Young
Hyson Teas, the ship Arthur's cargo im-
ported in June last.

ALSO,

2 pipes & half pipes choice
old Port Wine.

10 boxes ladies' Morocco Shoes.

200 casks fresh Stone Lime.

August 22.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexan-
dria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military
services during the revolutionary war. This
land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to
be amongst the best in the state. It will be
sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

Just Received, and now offered
for sale,

A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats,
viz.

Orange Peel,

Mamey Apple,

Pine Apple,

Ginger.

Guava Jelly in pots and boxes.

Tamarinds.

Excellent Lemons in boxes.

Limes, and Oranges.

Smoked and pickled Salmon.

Sounds and Tongues.

Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.

Thos. Patten.

August 22.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the
western country, will sell the FARM on
which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles
from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-
ry, and about the same from the Potomac
bridge crossing to the city of Washington—
in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con-
taining about 470 acres, on which is a con-
venient dwelling house, large enough for a gen-
teel family, together with all the outhouses
suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of
apple trees of selected fruit, together with
different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-
proved meadow for the scythe, and a large
portion more may easily be made. Any per-
son inclined to purchase may know the terms
by application to Mr. JONAS DULIN, adjoining
the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-
mises.

E. Dulin.

Oct

Wanted to Purchase or Hire, A GOOD MALE COOK.

Apply the Printer.

September 21.

FOR SALE

At public auction on Monday next, on board
the ship HERO, Thomas Cole master,
from Liverpool,

5000 bulhels of coarse SALT,
in lots to suit purchasers.

October 13.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers
and friends, that he has

Recommended the Grocery Business.

At his Store on King near Washington-
street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of
goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dis-
pose of each and every article on the mos-
temperate terms.

May 2.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of
trust dated on the third day of September,
1807, from John Bogue to himself, Ludwell
Lee and Charles Alexander, will, on TUES-
DAY, the 14th of November next, at four
o'clock of that day, at the tavern of Benjamin
Thornton, in the town of Leesburg, & coun-
ty of Loudoun, proceed to sell to the highest
bidder, for ready money,

A Tract of Land,

in the county of Loudoun, on the north side
of the main road from Leesburg to Alexan-
dria, and about one quarter of a mile to the
eastward of Goose Creek, containing 114 a-
cres, which land is in the possession of the
said John Bogue, or so much thereof as will
pay the expenses of the sale and the sum of
143 dollars and 33 cents, with interest due
by the said Bogue to Mrs. Frances Alexan-
der, administratrix of Charles Alexander,
esquire, deceased, and the further sum of
286 dollars and 66 cents, with interest there-
on, due to the heirs of the said Charles Alex-
ander.

Edmund J. Lee,

Trustee.

September 19.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, where Captain
James Denale formerly resided, near
Fairfax court house, containing about 206
acres, whereon Mr. WALTER LOW lives—he
has rented it for the next year for one hun-
dred dollars per year. Possession will be
given next Christmas as come a year.

ALSO,

A tract of LAND in Fauquier county, ad-
joining the Thoroughfare Mill Tract, on the
west side of the Bull Run Mountain, where-
on I now live, containing between 4 and 500
acres as good a farm as any in the county,
the best meadows in the county, with a good
young orchard and good new dwelling house.
It is unnecessary to say any more about the
above lands, as it is supposed that no person
will purchase without viewing the premises.
Possession will be given the place I live on
next new year's day.

James Gunnell.

Fauquier County, Oct. 1—9. dt25th Dec

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold, at vendue,
on a credit,

Two bales of Plains.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

October 14.

A Wet Nurfle wanted.

A WOMAN with a good breast of milk,
will get great wages by enquiring of the
Printer of this paper.

October 14.

SEINE ROPE.

THE subscriber manufactures and has for
sale, at his house on Washington-street, op-
posite Jacob Hoffman's sugar refinery, Seine
and Hauling Ropes, of all sizes; Seine & Sew-
ing Twine; Shad & Herring Twine; Sack-
ing and Bed Cords, Plough Lines & Traces.
Also, Tarred Rope and other Cords.

Joseph Harper.

February 3.

NOTICE.

My Wife Sarah Hughley, having separat-
ed herself from me without any just cause, I
am therefore under the painful necessity of
cautioning all persons against crediting her
on my account.

George Hughley.

Oct. 14.—17.

dt30

A Removal.

The subscribers have removed their Hard-
ware Store from the corner of Prince and
Fairfax streets, next door south of Bryan
Hampson's, on Fairfax street, where they
mean to have constantly for sale, a general
assortment of GOODS in their line for the
lowest terms. They have advice of their
Fall Goods being sent from the manufac-
tories to Liverpool, for shipment, they may
therefore be daily expected.

They offer for Rent,

TWO DWELLING HOUSES, one on
the lower end of Fairfax street, part of which
has been constantly kept as a store, the other
adjoining their store.

Stolen or Strayed,

FROM the commons adjoining Alexandria,
on or about the 28th of September last a white
chunky made HORSE, ridge main, newly
shod all round. Whoever will bring said horse
to the subscribers shall be reasonably re-
warded.

Libby and Carne.

October 17.

dt

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY, from the subscriber, last
night, a mulatto man, named ANDREW,
sometimes called Andrew Johnson, about 40
years of age, he is a middling bright mulat-
to, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, spare made,
thin face, woolly head, a little inclined to
hair, small ear, small eye brows and lashes,
thin lips for a person of color, small beard,
a pretty high forehead—there are several small
spots on the inside of his left arm, and a lit-
tle above the elbow are two small scars about
an inch apart—he is a very smart active fel-
low, and can do almost any kind of work—he
is excessively fond of liquor and will seldom
be sober if he can get it, and when drunk is
very stupid. He had on when he went away
an old short coat and pantaloons of black su-
perfine cloth, an old spotted waistcoat, ozna-
burg shirt and an old white hat, but as he
took other clothes with him he will probably
change his dress.

He has a wife at Mrs. Fendall's farm in
Fairfax county, about 5 miles from Alexan-
dria, where it is probable he may be harbor-
ed by her at night, and skulk about the neigh-
boring woods through the day.

I will give the above reward for delivering
the said runaway to me in Alexandria, if tak-
en without the counties of Alexandria & Fair-
fax, and FIVE DOLLARS if taken within
either of the said counties.

John Dundas.

October 16—17.

dtweof

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN.

SHE is a good Cook, Washer and Ironer,
and will be sold low for cash or on a short
credit. Apply to the Printer.

Sept. 30

505 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL the above quantity of
LAND, situated near the road leading
from Georgetown to Alexandria, and about
an equal distance from each town.

This property is fully one half covered with
wood, which will render it an advisable pur-
chase, on the terms that I will sell it.

GEORGE H. TERRETT, Esq. will shew the
land to any gentleman who wishes to see it,
and will give me information thereof.

George H. Chapman.

October 4.

dtm

BANK OF POTOMAC.

October 14, 1809.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, the Stock-
holders in the Bank of Potomac, that an elec-
tion for twelve Directors for the ensuing year,
will be held at the court-house, in the town
of Alexandria, on MONDAY, the 13th day of
November next.

By order of the President and Directors,

Charles Page, Cashier.

29y 13th Nov

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

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SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

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Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18.

From the Freeman's Journal.

Messrs. Editors,
Should you think the following worthy of
an insertion, it is much at your service.

In life's gay dawn how flattering hope be-
guiles;
The prospect brightens, while she sweetly
smiles.
We forward look for scenes of bliss and joy,
But ah! she flatters only to destroy.

See you poor wretch, who shivering begs re-
lief;
See on his cheek the humid drops of grief;
With feeble steps he slowly onward goes:
No friend to cherish, or to soothe his woes.

Perhaps on him, when fortune beam'd her
ray,
He cheerily smil'd and drove dull cares away:
In his calm breast no gloomy thoughts arose,
When on his humble couch he sought repose.

Mark the reverse: now weak, infirm and
poor,
He begs a scanty meal from door to door.
Thus 'tis with all—when in the days of youth
We heed nor mark not this unerring truth—
“Our sorrows strengthen, whilst our years
encrease,
“Nought but the grave can give a lasting
peace!”

From the New York Commercial Advertiser.

PEACE OR WAR ON THE CONTINENT.

Our latest London paper contains the
following observations on this interesting
subject:

“The Hamburg, Paris, and Frankfort
papers which we received yesterday, are in-
teresting, though they communicate no one
fact of great importance with which we were
not previously acquainted. They do not
enable us to state with certainty whether
peace will be concluded or hostilities recom-
menced.—No notification of the termina-
tion of the armistice seems to have been giv-
en—and if we were asked to which side
our opinion leans, we should say, that peace
appears more likely to be signed than war
to be renewed.—At the same time the ne-
gociations have certainly continued longer
than we thought they would. From the pa-
pers which we have received we collect no-
thing but what is vague, doubtful and con-
tradictory. One says that the negotiations
are going on at Raab, another that they are
to be transferred to Altenburgh, in Hunga-
ry—one assures us that Champagne has
gone to Raab to fix the last basis of the
peace; another mentions a congress, at which
both Russia and this country are invited to
send ministers. The latter seems to be the
most liable to doubt of all—Bonaparte will
make peace with Austria without the in-
tervention of any power. It is not improba-
ble, however, that she has attempted to in-
terest the emperor Alexander in her behalf,
and to convince him that it is not for the
advantage of Russia that the Austrian power
should be reduced to the same state of
feebleness and impotence to which Prussia
has been reduced. The delay may have
been occasioned by some such step; nor
that there is any likelihood of the emperor
Alexander's acceding to the demand of
Austria, nor of Bonaparte's being turned
from his purpose, even if the emperor Al-
exander should see that it is his interest to
prevent the utter ruin of the Austrian power.
Alexander has lost the opportunity of
interfering with effect. He will be made
use of as one of the instruments to destroy
Austria, and then his turn will come.—
His destruction only is delayed till Bona-
parte has consummated the ruin of his near-
est neighbors. He will then find that the
generosity of the Corsican very much re-
sembles the generosity of the Cyclops—that
it consists merely in a respite from execu-
tion.

“The march of fresh French troops across
the Rhine into Germany, is considered by
some as an indication of the resumption of
hostilities. It may be so: but may it not
be also with a view of intimidating Aus-
tria into an acquiescence with his demands,
by the display of an increased force which it
may be hopeless to resist?

“We shall now turn from a subject on
which the foreign papers afford us little or
no information, to a subject upon which they
furnish us with intelligence which we shall

be glad to find incorrect. The Tyrolese are
said to have been subdued—brave and in-
jured race! But by the anxious enumeration
of the force employed against them, we see
that their subjugation has been a work of
difficulty—Had the same spirit pervaded
every part of Germany!—Indeed it was rap-
idly pervading it when the Armistice broke
the heart of the insurrection, and sealed the
ruin of the Continent.

“We have examined all the articles re-
lative to the preparations making to resist
our Expedition. The amount of troops
collected from Antwerp to Bergen-op-Zoom
is estimated at 40,000 men. The city can-
not, say they be attacked on the land side,
on account of the inundations which can be
had recourse to. The main body of the e-
nemy's troops is between Ossendrecht and
Santvliet. Louis Bonaparte's head quar-
ters are at Bergen-op-Zoom.”

From the Connecticut Mirror.

REFLECTIONS
ON THE
STATE OF EUROPE.

France has resembled a vast volcano,
which pours its destructive lava over the
neighboring districts, and is constantly ex-
tending the circle of its devastations still
wider. Indeed the whole sum of wretched-
ness and misery which her ambition has
produced exceeds all powers of description.
It may help us however to form some just
notions of it, if we consider attentively the
following account of the deplorable calamities
of a former war in Germany taken from
Schiller's history.

“In places which had formerly possessed
plenty and happiness,” (says Schiller) “and
over which thousands of people were spread,
nothing but devastation was now to be seen;
the fields abandoned by the industrious hus-
bandman, lay waste and uncultivated, and
where a young crop or a smiling harvest ap-
peared, a march of soldiers destroyed the
fruits of a twelve-months labor. Burned
castles and villages in ashes, lay upon all
sides, the melancholy objects of contempla-
tion, while their plundered inhabitants re-
paired to join an army of incendiaries, and
thus retaliate upon their fellow citizens that
fate, of which they themselves had been the
first victims. In order to avoid oppression,
recourse was had to violence. The towns
groaned under the licentiousness of unprin-
ciple garrisons, who squandered the prop-
erty of the inhabitants, and exercised the
utmost disorders. While the march of an
army laid waste an entire country, or plun-
dered it by winter quarters, the industry of
a whole year was effaced by the ravages of
a month. The fate of such as had a garri-
son within their walls, or in their neighbor-
hood, was the most unhappy, because the
victors trod in the footsteps of the vanquish-
ed, and no greater indulgence was to be ex-
pected from friends than from enemies. All
these different calamities brought want and
hunger to their utmost pitch, and the mis-
eries of the latter years were increased by a
scarcity. The crowding of people in camps
and quarters, want upon one side, and ex-
cess on the other, occasioned contagious dis-
tempers, which were more fatal than the
sword. All the bonds of social life were
dissolved in this universal confusion; the
respect for order, the fear of the laws, the
purity of morals and of religion, were lost
under the weight of an iron sceptre. Anar-
chy and impunity disdained every law, and
men became ferocious according as their
country was wasted. No situation was
longer respected, no property was secured
from plunder. The soldier, in a word, reig-
ned, and that most brutal of despots often
made his superiors experience his own pow-
er.”

The interesting nature of this extract will
be deemed, I presume a sufficient excuse
for its length. Reader, peruse it attentively.
View it as a real picture of the calamities
of war. Learn from it to appreciate the
happiness of a state of peace; and learn
from it also to sympathize with the millions
of our fellow beings who have lately suffer-
ed and are even now suffering miseries as
great as those which were described by the
pen of Schiller.

Who can contemplate, without strong e-
motions, the blood stained fields of Europe,
the destruction of her towns and villages,
the slaughter of her inhabitants, the wretch-
edness of innumerable multitudes, who,
though they have escaped the edge of the
sword, are bereaved of their relations, strip-
ped of their property, and reduced to pov-
erty and want—and all this to gratify the
ambition of one man. Napoleon! how many
mothers has thy sword made childless.—
How many widows, how many orphans are
in the train of thy bloody conquests. How
many are now among the dead; who, but
for thee might have enjoyed still the light of
day. How many are now pining in misery

and pinched with want, who but for thee
might have been in ease and affluence.—
What tears have gushed from a thousand
eyes, what groans have been poured forth
from a thousand bosoms, which thy ambi-
tion has caused!

But does France really enjoy the fruits of
her victories, of her conquests and of her
triumphs? While her emperor is bathing
his sword in the blood of the nations, is
France happy? No: the blows from her
mighty arm which have crushed the nations,
recoil upon herself; and providentially, she
is made to drink a portion of the cup of bit-
terness that she prepared for others. France
herself is suffering a part of the miseries
produced by Napoleon's ambition. “A
constant state of warfare has drained off the
men, so as to leave agriculture as well as
commerce in a languishing state.” It
means of that horrible instrument of tyr-
anny, the conscription, “all the males in the
empire, married and unmarried, between
the full age of twenty & twenty five years,”
are constantly liable to be dragged into ac-
tual service, and to be sent on distant ex-
peditions. The flower of the nation, the
young men, are seized by the ministers of
tyranny, the married are torn from the
bleeding bosoms of their wives, from the
embraces of their needy babes, the unmar-
ried from the arms of their weeping parents,
sisters and brothers, and are hurried away
into distant lands, there to fight, there to die
—and for what? Not for their country,
but for the glory of the Corsican usurper.
Their adieu to their friends, is generally a
final adieu; they part to meet no more.

.....“Alas!”

“Nor wife, nor children, more shall (they)
behold,

“Nor friends, nor sacred home.”

While Napoleon is bringing one nation
after another under the French yoke, he is
actually weakening France. Her life-blood
has been wasting. Her fleets are swept
from the ocean. Her fields and her vine-
yards lie uncultivated. Thousands and
hundreds of thousands of her young men
have been slain by the sword, or have pe-
rished with sickness in foreign countries;
and she seems to be brought very near to
that point of suzerainty beyond which the
people will never go, under even the most
despotic government.

In so far as the sufferings of the French
may tend to weaken the power and restrain
the ambition of the bloody Corsican, their
sufferings are a subject of gratulation; in
other points of view, they deserve com-
passion. It were better that France should
suffer than that the world should be subju-
gated by her; but it were much better yet,
that France should cease from troubling the
other nations, and be happy at home. We
do not detest France, we do not detest
Frenchmen; but we detest the cruelties and
abominations of the leaders of the French
revolution; we detest the insatiable ambi-
tion and bloody measures of Napoleon. In
the bosom of France there are doubtless
many amiable, many virtuous and pious
people, thousands, hundreds of thousands,
nay millions, who are innocent of the blood
which has been shed by her tyrants.

Translated for the Freeman's Journal.

His excellency and most illustrious Viceroy
and archbishop of the kingdom of Mexi-
co, Don Francisco Le Zana de Beaumont,
has ordered the following proclamation
to be published the 26th of July, 1809.

INHABITANTS OF NEW SPAIN!

I have been promoted, without having
wished for it, to the supreme government
of these vast and precious dominions by
the Providence of God and by the grace of
Ferdinand VII. our king, represented by
the Supreme Central Junta now governing
Spain and the Indies. I find myself now
united to you by bonds more sacred and in-
separable, at least more public and univer-
sal than those which united me before as
your metropolitan archbishop.

My sons and my flock, belonging to my ve-
nerable suffragans!

Till now, your eternal happiness has been
the principal object of my love, my prayers,
and my tears. Henceforward, your tem-
poral felicity will engross my particular at-
tention; and will be the object of my thoughts
and my cares. You were before, all my
sons in Jesus Christ: I shall now also be
your father in the name of the king. Yes,
this name, among the many which corre-
sponds with the dignity and office of viceroy,
is the one which I will adopt among you all;
while I manage the reins of government
which I have taken in my trembling hands:
because, having in meekness and humility
borne the shepherd's pastoral crook, it
would be intolerable presumption in me to
grasp the sword of vicerealty with too
much arrogance and confidence. Never-

theless, I have accepted it as a good thing,
and a good Spanish monarch, in obedience to
my met. I have obeyed; not only for the
purpose of giving you all an example of de-
votion and obedience, but also to show that
I have not degenerated, by a scandalous
assistance, from your native character, which
is docile and obedient.

Inhabitants of Spanish America!

A follower of the Apostles and a vic-
gerent of the Spanish monarch, does not
know, nor ought to know, any sort of
ambition. I am a witness of your heroic fideli-
ty, and will be the praiser of your truly pa-
triotic Spanish virtues. And if with the
enormous weight with which my weak
shoulders are loaded, my soul is not de-
mayed, it is because I confide in the vic-
tors of Heaven so abundantly showered on
the Spanish nation, and which I hope to ob-
tain by your religious deportment. I rely
also on the advice of those respectable
ministers of the king, of whose knowledge,
integrity and zeal, I have the most un-
doubted testimony: together with the pre-
sident counsels of my dear and venerable
brothers the suffragans of this metropolitan,
and on the prayers of all the regular and
secular clergy of this kingdom. I rely
likewise, on the honor and experience of the
military chiefs, and on the valor and loyalty
of the numerous and brilliant army of this
kingdom of New Spain; as well as in the
zeal, integrity and experience of the direc-
tors and officers of the royal treasury, in all
their vast and important branches. I en-
tirely confide in the docility, obedience and
peaceableness of you all, beloved sons and
subjects of Ferdinand VII. Did I not
thus confide in you, what else could be ex-
pected from me, weak man, infirm, and
borne down with the weight of the nation,
than an immediate and determined renun-
ciation of the reins of government. But I
will do it, while my king and my country
demand my few services. To them I wil-
lingly sacrifice my repose, and even if it
was demanded, my life.

Spanish Americans!

Justice, mercy and peace, will be my
companions, that by them you may enjoy
all happiness. Endeavor to cultivate the
arts and sciences in your houses and in your
provinces, and carefully attend to whatever
will promote the interests of agriculture and
the commerce of the mines. And if, un-
rasshness, the barbarous & impious Evange-
listen should dare to invade our country, I
will immediately grasp the sword, I will
put myself at the head of your soldiers, I
will defend your houses and possessions,
and I will drive away the cruel and perfid-
ious enemies that would presume to disturb
your repose, in the same manner as the
archbishops of Toledo, Rodriguez, Mendez
and Cisneros, have done before, and as
has been done lately by the venerable bi-
shop of St. Andro.

Inhabitants of this Kingdom!

The glory of God and of his holy re-
ligion, the interests of Ferdinand VII. and
the nation, and your individual happiness
and tranquility, will be the sole objects
of my attention, and the only ends to which
my decrees will be directed. Be not afraid
that intrigue and influence will have any
share in my government. I have more
willingly delivered up, for the urgencies of
the crown, all that I possessed over and a-
bove my Episcopal income. I will like-
wise, with pleasure, do the same with the
salary appertaining to me as Viceroy. Yes,
generous patriots, our common mother is
in want of our succors to finish, with glo-
ry, the great work she has in hand; and
thanks be to Heaven, it has much advanc-
ed, and she hopes to attain it by our love
and gratitude. Continue then, your dona-
tions in abundance, remain united in the
sweet bonds of union and peace, and assist
your mother Spain to wipe away before the
face of the world, and for all ages, that
black and horrible calumny, which the trea-
trous and false king Joseph published last
March in Madrid to deceive all the provin-
ces of Spain and all Europe—that this king-
dom was burning with intestine divisions.—
OH WICKED! Know that the Spanish blood
never degenerated by having crossed the
Atlantic ocean, nor does it lose spirit and
energy in America. Here are worthy sons
and grandsons of the conquerors of Baylen,
and of the heroes of Saragossa, Valencia,
Catalonia, Asturias, Galicia and Estremu-
dura, and of all the provinces of Spain.—
We have in America brothers and descend-
ants of those who there confounded you
with their arms, with their loyalty, and
even with their last breath. Tremble now
at the name of the Spanish Americans, who
if they have not an opportunity of carrying
on the war against you sword in hand, do
with their fidelity and their money which
they have sent in abundance to their bro-
thers for your destruction.

I have accepted it as a good thing, a good Spaniard, in obedience to the authority which has conferred it on me, I have obeyed; not only for the sake of giving you all an example of devoted obedience, but also to show that I am not degenerated, by a scandalous example, from your native character, which is noble and obedient.

Inhabitants of Spanish America!

A follower of the Apostles and a viceroy of the Spanish monarch, does not, nor ought to know, any sort of advantage. I am a witness of your heroic fidelity and will be the praiser of your truly noble Spanish virtues. And if with the weight which my position and the advice of those respectable ministers and zeal, I have the most illustrious testimony: together with the counsels of my dear and venerable fathers the suffragans of this metropolis; on the prayers of all the regular and secular clergy of this kingdom. I rely, on the honor and experience of the many chiefs, and on the valor and loyalty of the numerous and brilliant army of this Kingdom of New Spain; as well as in the integrity and experience of the direct and officers of the royal treasury, in all vast and important branches. I can confide in the docility, obedience and docility of you all, beloved sons and viceroy of Ferdinand VII. Did I not confide in you, what else could be expected from me, weak man, infirm, and down with the weight of the duties, an immediate and determined renunciation of the reins of government. But I do it, while my king and my country and my services. To them I will sacrifice my repose, and even if it demanded, my life.

Spanish Americans!

Justice, mercy and peace, will be my passions, that by them you may enjoy happiness. Endeavor to cultivate the sciences in your houses and in your places, and carefully attend to whatever promotes the interests of agriculture and commerce of the mines. And if, through the barbarous and impious French, should dare to invade our country, I should dare to invade our country, I should immediately grasp the sword, I will myself at the head of your soldiers, I defend your houses and possessions, I will drive away the cruel and perfidious enemies that would presume to disturb your repose, in the same manner as the bishops of Toledo, Rodriguez, Mendonza and Cisneros, have done before, and as been done latterly by the venerable bishop of St. Andro.

Inhabitants of this Kingdom!

The glory of God and of his holy religion, the interests of Ferdinand VII. and your individual happiness and tranquility, will be the sole objects of attention, and the only ends to which decrees will be directed. Be not afraid of intrigue and influence will have any in my government. I have most fully delivered up, for the urgencies of the crown, all that I possessed over and my Episcopal income. I will like with pleasure, do the same with the appertaining to me as Viceroy. Yes, you patriotic, our common mother is not of our successors to finish, with the great work she has in hand; and she hopes to attain it by our love and gratitude. Continue then, your donations in abundance, remain united in the bonds of union and peace, and assist mother Spain to wipe away before the face of the world, and for all ages, that and horrible calamity, which the infidel and false king Joseph published last in Madrid to deceive all the provinces of Spain and all Europe—that this kingdom was burning with intestine divisions. VICKED! Know that the Spanish blood is degenerated by having crossed the Atlantic ocean, nor does it lose spirit and vigor in America. Here are worthy sons of the conquerors of Baylen, of the heroes of Saragossa, Valencia, onia, Asturias, Galicia and Extremadura, and of all the provinces of Spain—have in America brothers and descendants of those who there confounded you with their arms, with their loyalty, and with their last breath. Tremble now, name of the Spanish Americans, who have not an opportunity of carrying the war against you sword in hand, but their FIDELITY and their MONEY which have sent in abundance to their king for your destruction.

Inhabitants of this Kingdom!

I have given to you the thoughts and the ideas with which the archbishop of Mexico commences his government as Viceroy. But I cannot depart from the character of being the successor of the disciples of Jesus Christ, who is the Supreme King of Kings, and I therefore salute you with the last words which they heard from the blessed mouth of their Divine Master:—"Peace be with you; I am he, be not afraid."

THE ARCHBISHOP, VICEROY.
Royal Palace of Mexico,
July 29, 1809.

MANUEL MERINO, Sec'y.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18.

The brig Helen, M'Cobb, from this port for St. Bartholomew, was spoken on the 25th September, lat. 28, 51, long. 65.

It is with sincere regret we announce the death of BERNARD HOOE, jun. Esq. of Prince-William county, Virginia. In consequence of an affray which had taken place between that gentleman and a Mr. KEMP, of the same county, a challenge ensued, and the parties met on the Maryland shore on Friday morning last, and on the first fire both were wounded—Mr. Hooe's proved mortal and he expired the same evening.

Thus has an amiable woman been suddenly deprived of an affectionate husband, a large family of children of a tender parent, and the community of one of its most valuable members, by that stigma upon civilized society, the practice of Duelling.

Extract of a letter from a respectable commercial house in Liverpool to another in New York, received by the Pacific.

"LIVERPOOL, Sept. 2, 1809.

"We annex the actual currency for your chief exports, assuring you that more encouraging quotations are at present merely nominal, and not at all to be justified by the tone of our market.

"Whilst we are fully convinced that, as far as it is practicable, the course of American policy will be unalterably pacific, we are not without our fears that the intercourse will again be suspended. The partial repeal of our orders in council, and the mild character of our constructive blockade, may if skillfully and temperately urged, lead to a happy issue; but knowing that the sentiment of the British minister is lofty and unwelcome, that America will—America must submit!" we apprehend that Mr. Jackson's instructions are not quite so conciliatory as the novelty and oppression of the case, as well as the vital interests at stake, so evidently and powerfully demanded.

"Our next advice, which may be expected to announce Mr. Jackson's arrival, are looked to with a degree of anxiety never before witnessed; and whilst any pause in the intercourse, however short its duration, would clearly and materially enhance the prices of produce, our present quotations certainly could not make a stand against the strong hope of an early adjustment of subsisting differences.

"Unfortunately for our country there is a warlike character in our councils, which is totally adverse to any permanent arrangement; and sooner or later this spirit, if not laid by the nation, will seek an opportunity of discharging itself upon America. Even where the interests of America are concurrent with the measures of Britain, the disposition is never allowed to grace the act; and the English minister, with a degree of asperity which is without precedent and without apology, shamelessly avows that the good which was done to America by his measures, was undesigned by government! How can we ultimately look to peace from an administration where the desire of doing good, from a good motive, is renounced in the most profligate manner?"

"It is very clear that the government of America and England have not yet come together with that earnestness, or understood each other with that precision, which the magnitude of the object, the very nature of the discussion, and above all, the distant positions of the two nations, so pre-eminently demanded. We will further venture to assert, without any qualification or condition whatever, that Mr. Erskine is not the only member of the diplomatic tribe who has incurred the displeasure, or forfeited the confidence of his government.

"Affixed to our quotations we have given some brief notices of the state and prospects of our market; but our trade is so completely suspended upon the issues of political discussion, that it is difficult, if not quite impossible, to form an opinion with any sort of accuracy. That Mr. Madison will act towards England as France with

temper, moderation and firmness, we have no doubt whatever; but the points in discussion are of the most delicate and vital nature. What can be the equivalents for the honor—for any portion of the honor, or just neutrality of a nation? Our conviction is, that if you do not contend, you will seek in vain for ample justice from France or England; and the question then will be unable to obtain justice from either, will you, upon the cold doctrine of prudence or necessity, submit to a system of impartial rigor, insult and oppression from both? The position of America gives her strength, and though in distinct and different points, she, perhaps, is unequal to other nations, still she may be honest to herself. This, in our opinion, is the great question, even if the dispute should, for a time, be patched up, which must arrest the attention of the next Congress. The representatives of America we think will do their duty; but, after what is past, should they in a temporizing spirit, or with those compliances of which Europe furnishes an ample catalogue of examples, compromise the neutral rights, honors and advantages of their country, then we are convinced they will find at home a power more fatal to them than England and France, or even France and England united. We have been reluctantly led into these political speculations from a strong conviction of their importance, and from the unalterable belief that however our commerce may fluctuate under the vicissitudes of the negotiation, it is the discussions in Congress which must give a firm and ultimate turn to our market: The balance of probabilities in our opinion decidedly inclines to a very material though perhaps not to an immediate advance, in the prices of all your export articles.

"Assuring you that we shall be infinitely more gratified in the failure, than the accomplishment of our anticipations, we remain, with sincerity, your very obedient servants."

PRICES CURRENT.

Cotton, Georgia Upland, old. None. p. lb.
new and prime, 1s. 4 1 2 a 1s 5
Sea I. ord. & st. 1 5 a 1 10
middling and fine, 2 0 a 2 2
very fine, 2 3 a 2 4
New-Orleans, 1 5 1-2 a 1 7
Tennessee, 1 4 1-2 a 1 5
Tobac. Y. & Js. Riv. 0 4 1-2 a 0 10
Rappahannock, 0 4 a 0 7
Geo. & Caro. 0 3 1-2 a 0 5 1-2
Stemmed 0 9 a 0 11
Mary. Brown, 0 3 1-2 a 0 5
Colony, 0 6 a 0 7 1-2
Kitefoot, 0 8 a 1 0
Kentucky, 0 4 a 0 6 1-2
Staves, W. O. barrel, 16 0s a 17 0
Hhd. 26 0 a 28 10
Pipe, 32 0 a 36 0
Red O. bbl. none.
Hhd. 10 0 a 11 0
Ashes, Pot 56s 0d a 57s 0d 120lb.
Pearl 58 0 a 59 0
Rice 28 0 a 32 0
Wheat 14 6 a 15 0 70lb.
Flour 52 0 a 54 0 bbl.
Turpentine 24 0 a 26 6 112lb.
Pitch 16 0 a 17 0
Rosin 15 0 a 16 0 barrel.
Tar 34 0 a 35 0
Timber, Pine 4 1 a 4 3 foot.
Oak, Red 4 0 a 4 6
White 5 0 a 5 6
Beach and Maple 4 0 a 4 3
Lathwood, four feet 10 0s a 12 0s fath.

Of cotton we calculate that there are about 83,000 bags in this port. At a fraction below the market price, the speculators offer to take any quantity, even on board; the dealers continue to buy sparingly.

On the 31st of last month, (August) we had 3615 hhd. tobacco in store, and 1615 on board. At our present quotations, a disposition to speculate begins to shew itself and prices are not expected to go down.

Staves have a free sale ex-ship.
Pot ashes are rather dull, but for pearls the demand is steady.

Our corn market is brisk, and flour, rice, and wheat likely to advance, under the awful prospect of a limited, a late, and an injured harvest.

Naval stores are all freely bought up on arrival, and our warlike relations with the north are likely to effect a further advance.

Timber continues to have a regular demand; our stock however having lately received a considerable accession, no immediate advance can well be calculated upon. A depression is not dreaded.

Imports into Liverpool, from America, from the 1st of January last, to this day, the 2d of September, 1809, inclusive.

Cotton, 164,984 bags.
Rice, 16,122 tierces.
Ditto, 2,122 barrels.
Tobacco, 6,753 hhd.
Flour, 147,285 barrels.

Ditto, 3,978 half do.
Wheat, 186,887 bushels.
Ashes, 17,590 barrels.
Turpentine, 22,217 barrels.
Rosin, 1,276 do.
Pitch, 423 do.
Tar, 25,166 do.
Insurance in and out, 2 guineas per cent.

FRENCH ROBBERY.

The following extract of a letter details a new instance of French plunder and cruelty. In introducing the article to his readers, the editor of the Wilmington (N. C.) Gazette, thus pertinently remarks:

"In this flagrant instance of robbery and cruelty, we may read the certain fate of every American vessel which shall fall into the power of the French. Extensive as their plundering acts have actually been, they bear no proportion to what their piratical spirit would perpetrate, if their power were only equal to their inclination, and yet some of our oracular politicians pretend that the French are fighting for the freedom of the seas."

Extract of a letter, dated St. Bartholomew, 16th August, from Benjamin Perkins, supercargo on board the ship Perseverance, of this port, to Mr. Thomas N. Gautier, owner.

DEAR SIR,
We left Grenada on the 4th inst. and pursued our voyage in safety for Wilmington, N. C. until the 8th instant, when we were boarded by a small privateer boat schooner, and carried into French St. Martin's. Captain Oliver was so ill treated that I despaired of his life for a number of days. He was better when I left him. I was treated with the utmost inhumanity; often my life was threatened with a pistol at my breast, and a drawn cutlass over my head, and the crew beat with it. Nothing can equal their cruelty towards myself and crew—they were worse than barbarous. I yesterday crossed over from the French to the Dutch quarter of St. Martin's (Great Bay.) I left there this morning, and arrived here about three o'clock, P. M. The cargo of the ship has been landed, and the ship dismantled.

* The ship and cargo are stated to be worth \$20,000.

HALLOWELL, (Mss.) Oct. 4.

Insurrection.—We are in a most unhappy situation in this part of the country, for we are in a state of actual rebellion. You have no doubt heard of a murder committed some weeks back by some squatters, and that eight men who did the act are in goal. For some time we were told they would be rescued; but the report was treated with contempt, until Friday night, 29th September, between the hours of 12 and 1, when we were roused by the cries of MURDER and FIRE! Before I could get out of bed, a military notification was read to me to appear armed and equipped in three minutes at the gun house. When I got into the street every thing was in confusion. I found that the artillery had gone to Augusta; and part of our company mounted on horseback had also proceeded. We remained on our arms until the dawn of the morning. Saturday a strong guard turned out and we were pretty quiet. On Sunday night the alarm commenced at 10 o'clock, and positive information, was received of a considerable body of the enemy, within a few miles of Augusta; so we remained during the night. Monday I was drafted, and marched at 7 in the evening. Stood on guard 6 hours, on one of the roads about a mile from the settlement.

Tuesday night we hoped that the force was so great we should have some rest, but it was the worst of all. About midnight the Augusta bell began to ring; (the signal for their being attacked) we could distinctly hear the guns. The small part of our company that had been left behind were immediately ordered to march—the alarm guns were fired to bring up the troops from Gardner. On our arrival, we found the guards had been driven in, except four; who were captured within a few miles of Augusta bridge. They resisted until overpowered by a party of 50 or 60. In the fray, some were wounded; unfortunately the main body at the goal were not strong enough to reinforce the party attacked; they were left to struggle for themselves. Major Weeks who had rendered himself very conspicuous for his exertions in rousing the well affected part of the county to support the government and laws, mounted his horse and rode to the bridge. He was seized and dragged into the woods, and threatened to be hanged; but fortunately made his escape. A regular force of about 400 troops is kept at Augusta, and I am obliged to hire a man to be there, and at the same time to patrol the streets here; for we are in great danger of being set on fire, in order to confine the people here, and prevent their going to

Augusta in case of alarm. It is supposed that the insurgents are from 1,000 to 1,500 strong, and the disaffection rapidly spreading. Gen. Scwall has sent on to the governor for orders."

Public Sale.

On Friday next at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the dwelling house of I. Gibson on Patrick-street,

A variety of Household Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Beds, bedsteads, looking-glasses, book-case, side-board, tables, chairs, one eight day clock, with a number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

October 17.

Six Cents Reward.

ELOPED from the subscriber an apprentice named WILLIAM GRIMES, about 20 years old, fair complexion, light hair, and down look. The above reward will be given on his delivery to me, and I caution all persons from harboring or employing him, as I shall prosecute such agreeable to law.

C. Pascoe.

October 18.

WAS DROPPED yesterday, supposed in the Presbyterian meeting house, A GOLD RING. The finder will be rewarded on leaving it with the Printer.

October 16.

TO RENT,

THE HOUSE and WAREHOUSE on the corner of King and Pitt streets, at present occupied by Thomas Patten. Possession will be given on the 15th December next. Apply to

R. I. Taylor, or
Eliza Wilson.

October 17.

d3t-2aw

Sudly Mills for Sale,

PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY.

To be sold to the highest bidder, on the 15th of November next.

A most complete and elegant

MERCHANT MILL,

With a Miller's House, a two-story Dwelling House, a commodious Stone Store House, Blacksmith's Shop, Stable, &c. and sixty acres of Land, admirably adapted to timothy, a great part of which is highly improved meadow.

The Mill House is 48 by 56 feet, with 2 pair of Burr Stones, 4 by 8, and a pair of counter stones.

With respect to situation and other advantages there is none in Virginia more propitious, being on a never failing stream formed by a conflux of the Bull Run and Catharpin about four miles from the Little River Turnpike Road, and one mile from the contemplated road from Fauquier court house to Centreville, and directly in the route from an extensive contiguous settlement of productive farms.

The terms of sale will be one third of the purchase money in hand, and the balance in one, two and three years, secured by bond with approved security.

Any person inclined to purchase may have an opportunity of treating for this property in the mean time with

Landon Carter.

Sept. 30.

eo

Comb Manufactory

AND

Fancy Store.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has purchased the STOCK and STORE of GOODS of Mr. John Duffey, and is carrying on the COMB-MAKING in its various branches, in the same established stand, in Royal-street, near the City Hotel, where he has a general assortment of Ivory, Tortoise-shell and Horn Combs, with a variety of other Fancy Goods, viz. Jewellery, Pen-Knives, Scissors, Razors, Duff's Patent Razor Strops, good quality Windsor Soap, &c. Riding Whips and Walking Canes of almost every description, Looking Glasses with gilt and mahogany frames, mahogany and paper-frame Dressing Glasses, with and without drawers, with a variety of German Goods and other articles not enumerated, which he will sell by wholesale or retail on moderate terms, to those who will favor him with their custom.

Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Thomas Mount.

September 12.

2aw

NOTICE.

THE subscriber by virtue of a deed of trust from Edward Gantt of Fairfax county to him dated 13th of October 1807; will sell at public auction for Cash, at the subscriber's tavern, Fairfax County, Va. on the 21st Oct. 1809,

Three likely young Negro Men, deeded to the subscriber in trust by the above-said Edward Gantt, for the payment of a debt due from the said Edward Gantt to Henry Gantt of Jefferson County, Va.

James Wiley.

September.—3aw2w.

TO PARENTS.

The annexed cases of cures performed by
HAMILTON'S
CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING
LOZENGES.

(Selected from a very numerous list.)

ARE presented as indubitable proof of the
excellence and safety of this valuable specific,
for destroying worms in the human stomach
and intestines.

From Mr. Benjamin Williams, No. 30, Bal-
timore street, two doors above south Gay-
street.

I have a son six years of age, who for four
years past, has been generally in a very un-
healthy state, particularly in summer; fre-
quently afflicted with alarming convulsion
fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast,
his breath foetid, and almost constant itching
at the nose was excited, with other alarming
symptoms. During the course of the above
period, the advice and attendance of three of
the most eminent physicians in Baltimore
were successively procured. Each of these
gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be
the cause of the child's disorder, and exhaust-
ed his skill in attempting to expel them. Pink
root, steel filings, with a variety of other me-
dicines, were administered without the least
success. It was once pronounced impossible
for the child to live many hours.

I had heard of your Worm Destroying Lo-
zenges, but with many others did not think
highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentle-
man of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. Moore,
auctioneer) in whose family they had been
used with good effect, advised me to make
trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a
dose agreeable to directions, which soon ex-
pelled eight large worms, some of them a-
bout eight inches in length; a second dose
brought away four more of similar size; a
third dose being administered, no worms ap-
peared. The child recovered and now enjoys
a good state of health.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

AFFIDAVIT.

Michael Duffy, residing at No. 47, Walkes
street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore
voluntarily makes oath that the following
statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three
children, a boy of seven, and two girls the one
five, and the other three years of age were
taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a
common fever, as I then supposed; but was
soon convinced the disorder was caused by
worms. They were frequently troubled with
convulsion fits, and violent startings in their
sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and
purging, particularly the youngest. I made
immediate application to a physician of the
first reputation, and his medicines were ad-
ministered with a confidence of success, which
only increased our disappointment. The
children grew daily worse, and I was absolute-
ly without hopes of their recovery. The
youngest soon appeared almost devoid of ani-
mation, and scarcely an inhabitant of this
world. In this distressing moment I was told
that Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges
had performed many cures in cases equally
desperate. I immediately purchased a box,
and gave each of them a dose, which in a few
hours produced the most desirable effects.—
The eldest voided a great number of very
large worms, and the second thousands of
small ones, many of them not a quarter of an
inch—in the youngest they seemed to be con-
sumed, and had the appearance of skin and
slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable
to the paper of directions, and they all speed-
ily recovered a good state of health, which
they still enjoy, though 5 months have nearly
elapsed, since they were on the borders of
the grave, and the death of the whole seemed
to be inevitable.

J. SMITH.

Sworn before me, this 26th day of Septem-
ber, 1799.

Philadelphia, August 5, 1806.

TO H. LEE.

Some time last spring I was afflicted with
loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever,
and great debility, so that I could scarcely
walk. In this distressing situation I took
many things, but without benefit. An ac-
quaintance in the country sent me to pro-
cure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosi-
ty prompted me to read the directions, where
I found my complaint exactly described by
the doctor. I immediately sent for another
box of the Lozenges, and took one dose,
which brought away a large quantity of
worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encour-
aged by this, I took another dose, which
was attended with the happiest effects, as it
relieved me entirely, and am now in a better
state of health than for a considerable time
past. I have since given them to my chil-
dren, and can speak from experience, that
they are a most valuable medicine, and am
happy to add my testimony to numberless
others of their efficacy.

SARAH JOHNSON,

No. 140, north Second Street,

Among the symptoms attending Worms are,
disagreeable breath, especially in the morn-
ing—bad and corrupted gums—itching in

the nose, and about the seat—convulsions
epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of
speech—irregular appetite, sometimes loth-
ing food and sometimes voracious—purging
with slimy and fetid stools—vomiting—large
and hard belly—pains and sickness at the sto-
mach—pains in the head and thigh, with
lowness of spirits—slow fever, with small
and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive
thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy coun-
tenance, and sometimes the face bloated and
flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above
symptoms, should have immediate recourse
to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges,
which have been constantly attended with
success in all complaints similar to those above
described.

Prevention better than Cure.

In cases of head ache, foul stomach, and
for removing superfluous bile, perhaps no
remedy has been discovered superior to
LEE'S HAHN'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS,
Which for 10 years past have been attend-
ed with the greatest success. The testimony
of many respectable persons in our southern
sea ports has been adduced who have reason
to believe that a timely use of this salutary
remedy during the prevalence of malignant
fevers, has preserved their health after ex-
periencing alarming symptoms of fever.

Certificate of Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years I have been in
the habit of using Hahn's Antibilious Pills,
prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever
colds, head ache, or costiveness have render-
ed medicine necessary; in these cases a sin-
gle dose has uniformly removed my head
ache, and has generally been found sufficient
to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken
on its first appearance. Induced by the be-
nefit I have received, I have for years past
recommended them to many of my friends,
and I have the pleasure to inform you, they
have invariably succeeded in removing the
above complaints.

Yours,

WM. DEVENNY,

ITCH CURED.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, a
certain cure by once using; Hamilton's Lo-
zenges; Hamilton's Elixir, for Coughs; the
celebrated Antibilious Pills; Hamilton's Es-
sence of Mustard, for the Rheumatism;
Tooth-Ache Drops; Hamilton's Grand Re-
storative for Debility.

TAKE NOTICE.—That imitations
of the above medicines are for sale in this
town—therefore please to apply only to Jas.
Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King-street, Alex-
andria, who has long been sole agent for the sale of
the genuine preparations. As a further secu-
rity against imposition, each genuine article
has on its outside wrapper, the signature of
Hannah Lee,

Widow of the late Proprietor.

July 31.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a deed of trust from Jonathan
Mandeville, deceased, to the subscriber,
will be sold, to the highest bidder, at pub-
lic auction, on the premises, on SATUR-
DAY, the 28th of this instant month, Oc-
tober—

The Lot and House, wherein
the said Jonathan Mandeville lately lived, ly-
ing on King-street, and bounded as follows,
to wit:—Beginning upon King-street, sixty
feet to the eastward of Alfred-street, and
running thence eastwardly with King-street,
and binding therewith forty three feet five
inches; thence northwardly with a line par-
allel to Alfred street, one hundred feet to a
fifteen feet alley; thence with the said alley
and parallel to King street, forty three feet
five inches; thence with a straight line to the
beginning.

A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months
will be given to the purchaser, on giving his
notes, in three equal instalments, with an
approved endorser, for the payment of the
purchase money, the notes to carry interest
from the date. A lien on the property will
be required as farther security.

The sale to commence at 4 o'clock,
P. M.

Ludwell Lee.

October 12.

dt

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Great Hunting
Creek Bridge Company, are hereby notified,
that the fourth instalment of Ten Dollars on
each share of stock in the said company, is
called for, and required to be paid to the sub-
scriber on or before Saturday, the 28th in-
stant.

John Hooff, Treasurer.

October 12—13.

d t 28th inst.

New-England Rum.

Thirtybarrels, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville.

Corner of King and Fairfax streets

Attention to Fortune Hunters, And Possession will be given immediate- ly—any day.

I WISH to sell, the unexpired lease of 8
years, from the 10th day of December
next, in the elegant and commodious HOTEL
I now occupy in Alexandria. This establish-
ment is justly celebrated as affording the best
accommodations on the continent, and to a mar-
of attention and abilities in the line of his pro-
fession, cannot fail to yield a handsome for-
tune. The proximity of this property to the
seat of government, being but about six miles
from the capitol, over the Potomac Bridge,
the growing importance of Alexandria, and
the increase of the business of the house since
the residence of the present occupant, all
conspire to prove, that there is not a more
eligible situation in the United States.

Attached to the tavern, is a well conducted
coffee house, supported by a respectable sub-
scription.

Together with an insurance office.

There are at present twenty four yearly
boarders of the first respectability, in the hotel.

The whole house is elegantly furnished,
and to a person who takes the lease, the great-
part of the furniture will be sold on the
most reasonable terms.

William Caton.

September 20.

PUBLIC SALE.

Under a decree of the honorable the circuit
court of the district of Columbia, held at Alex-
andria, the subscribers will expose to public
sale at the coffee-house on the 30th day of
October, on a credit of sixty and ninety
days,

An Undivided moiety of a rent of £ 131 18
per annum,

Payable for ever, charged on a lot of ground
situated at the intersection of Wolfe and U-
nion-streets, and extending southwardly along
the west side of Union street one hundred and
fifteen feet, and westwardly along the south
side of Wolfe street sixty two feet six inches.
The payment of this rent is secured by valu-
able permanent improvements on the lot, and
by the personal liability of the late col. Fitz-
gerald, and col. Wm. Lyles of Broad Creek
Maryland.

And if from the sale of the above rent,
charge the sum required by the decree of
the court cannot be raised—the subscribers
will then proceed to sell, at the same place,
and on the same credit—

One undivided seventh part of the reversion
in fee,

Expectant on the death of Jane Roberde, an
widow of Daniel Roberdeau, deceased, in the
following Lots, that is to say, one Lot on
the east side of Water street between Wolfe
and Wilke's streets, in front on Water-
street 51 feet 3 inches, in depth 125 feet
and bounded on the north by an alley 4
feet wide.—On this lot is erected a handsome
and convenient 3 story brick dwelling house,
with the usual out-houses.—And two other
lots adjoining each other on the west side of
Union-st. between Wolfe and Wilke-streets,
in front on Union-street forty one feet, in
depth one hundred and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor.

Cuthbert Powell.

October 15.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young

Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon
and Tenerife Wine.

8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.

2000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per schooner Ranger from Newburyport, and
for sale by

Lawrason & Fowle;

30 hds: Muscovado Sugar,

6 do. 4th proof Jamaica Rum,

40 bbls. N. E. Rum,

40 do. No. 1 and 2 Beef,

30 do. Liva Oil,

100 kegs Salmon,

122 bolts Tow Cloth.

October 16.

6t

Charlotte-Hall School.

The offices of PRINCIPAL and VICE PRIN-
CIPAL will be vacant in Charlotte-Hall School
after the first day of January next.—

The Trustees will receive propositions to fill
such vacancies until the 1st Monday of De-
cember ensuing when the appointments will
be made. The salaries annexed to these ap-
pointments will probably be to the Principal
\$900, to the vice-principal \$550; but as the
amount will depend upon the number of pu-
pils in the school, it cannot be exactly ascer-
tained.

Applicants will be required to exhibit testi-
monials of their abilities and moral character.
Cool Springs, St. Mary's county,
Maryland, October 2.

Joseph H. Mandeville,
Corner of King and Union-streets,

HAS FOR SALE,

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the

bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in easks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and

New England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hy-

son Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and

barrels.

Do. inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheads.

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Carrot

Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Pa-

per, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco,

Madder, Copperas, Seal Leather, Bed Cord,

Leading Lines, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families,

a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oat,

Plaster of Paris, &c.

April 17

R. GRAY.

BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET,

ALEXANDRIA;

HAS FOR SALE:

ONE new patent London made PIANO
FORTE, with additional keys to C and F
dal.

One plain second hand, do.

A few Violins of a superior quality.

Common do Cases for do.

German Flutes, Heautboys, Fifes,

Two elegant Ebony French Flageolot, with

Ivory Vents.

Tung Forks and Hammers.

Clarinet and Hautboy reeds.

Best Roman Violin Strings.

Common Violin Bows.

Instructions for the Flute, Fife and Violin.

Pleyel's Sonata's for the Piano Forte.

Beauties for do.

Hiebett's Waltz for do.

Eighteenth Pot Pouri, for do.

Sonatas for do.

Pleyel's Concertant for do.

SONGS, MARCHES, &c.

March in the Temple of the Sun.

Madison's March.

Said a Smile to a tear.

Love Letter.

Mrs. Madison's Waltz.

50 NEW SONGS, set for the Piano, among

which are a number of those sung in the For-

ty Thieves.

The Battle of Baylen.

An entire new piece, dedicated to the Supreme
Junta of Seville.

Baltimore College Lottery.

Commences drawing on the first Monday in
November, tickets and shares in the above
Lottery, for sale by the subscriber.

Present price, whole Tickets \$ 11

Half do. 5 75

Quarter do. 3 00

R. Gray.

SALE BY AUCTION.

GERMAN GOODS.

On Wednesday, the 25th inst. at 11 o'clock

at the warehouse of M. H. D. Wichelha-

sen, esq. Bowly's wharf, No. 82, corner of

South and Wood-streets, will be sold, on a

liberal credit, for approved, endorsed notes,

The greater part of the cargo of the ship

William Penn, capt. Field from Bremen,

CONSISTING OF

24 boxes Platlillas Royals

20 do. Challets or brown Platlillas.

40 do. Bretagnes

7 do. Rouens

8 do. Estopillas

9 do. Book Checks

7 do. Listados

2 do. Cress a la Morlaix

2 do. Bunten

13 do. White Rolls

23 bales brown Rolls

7 do. } Oznaburghs

13 boxes

46 bales Hessians

36 do. Burlaps

44 do. } Ticklenburghs

5 boxes

4 bales Ravens Duck

2 do. Bags

The above will be ready for examination
and Catalogues delivered two days previous
to the sale.

CASPAR OTTO MULLER, Auc'tr.

Baltimore, October 13—16.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from pos-
singing through, hunting, or in any manner
trespassing on my land; as I am determined
to put the law in force against all offenders.

John F. Smith.

October 14;